



Shenzhen Hi-Link Electronic Co.,Ltd

HLK-V21 dual-mic local voice control module
Data sheet

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1. Introduction

1.1. Summary

HLK-V21 local control voice module is the latest set of dual mic human - machine natural voice interaction system developed by Hi-Link for a large number of local control scenes and products. The voice module has rich system peripheral resources, including UART、I2C、SPI、PWM、ADC,etc.

It can be widely and quickly used in smart home, all kinds of intelligent small home appliances, 86 boxes, toys, lamps, industry, medical care, Internet of Things, automobile, security system,lighting and other products that need voice control.

1.2. Features

- Rich peripheral resources, including 4 UART、1 I2C、1 s, SPI、7, PWM、1, ADC、1 SDIO s and up to 23 GPIO, etc
- Support for a 2 - way digital mic or an analog mic
- Maximum power amplifier support 2 65W@4 Ω Or 1 8W@8 Ω
- 59 Pin Stamp hole packaging
- 5 V power supply
- RoHS standard

2. Electrical parameters

2.1. General Technical Specification

| Item | Parameters |
|---------------------|---------------|
| Working temperature | -20°C to 85°C |
| Storage temperature | -40°C to 85°C |

| | | |
|------------------|------------|------------------------------|
| Working humidity | 10% to 95% | No condensation condensation |
|------------------|------------|------------------------------|

2.2. Voltage parameters

| Power | Min Value | Typical value | Max value | Unit |
|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|------|
| VCC5V_IN | 4.5 | 5 | 5.5 | V |
| VCC33_OUT | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | V |

Notes:

1. VCC5V_IN is the input power of module
2. VCC33_OUT is output power,max current is 200mA.

2.3. DC features

| Parameters | Description | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|------------|---------------------|-----|---------|-----|------|
| VIL | Input Low Voltage | - | - | 0.8 | V |
| VIH | Input High Voltage | 2.0 | - | - | V |
| VOL | output Low Voltage | - | - | 0.4 | V |
| VOH | output High Voltage | 2.4 | - | - | V |

2.4. ESD features

| ITEMS | Description | Value | Unit |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| V(ESD) | Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 | ±2000 | V |
| | Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 | ±500 | V |

2.5. Power consumption parameters

| working mode | Test condition | consumption | unit |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------|
| Sleep mode | Sleep to wake up state and unplug mic at the same time | TBD | mW |
| Active mode | Wake up identification and response status, no horn. | <350 | mW |

Notes:

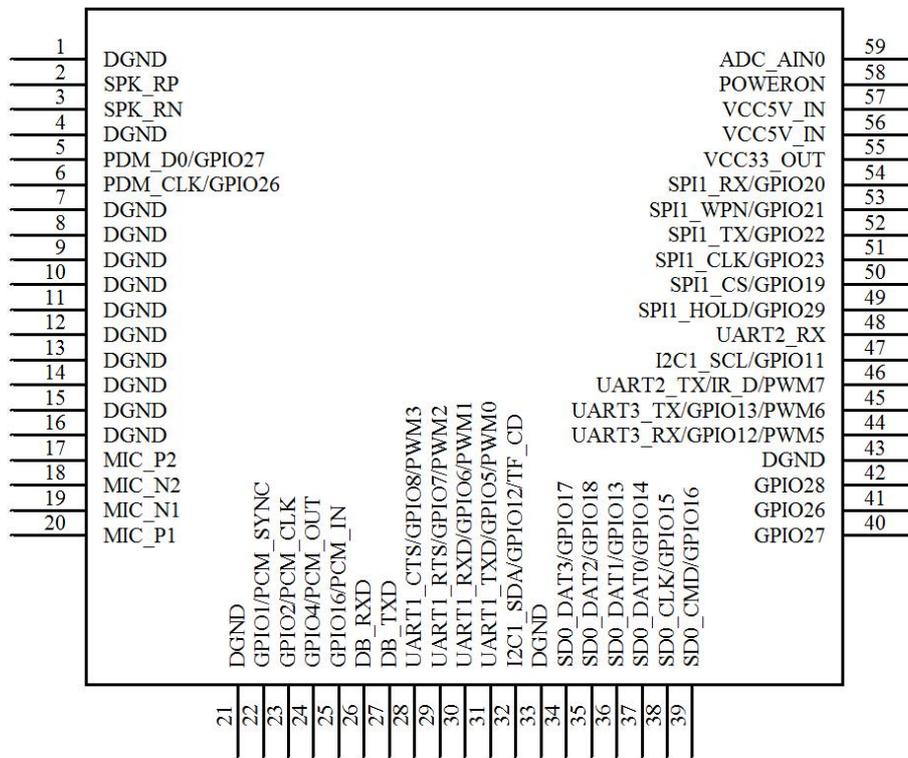
Sleep mode: After normal electricity for a period of time, enter the state to wake up.

Active mode: Power on normally and enter wake-up recognition state.

Power consumption: the test data of different software versions will be different and the data is for reference only.

3. Module pin definition

3.1. Pin definition diagram



HLK-V21 Pin definition diagram

3.2. Default pin chart definition

| Pin | Name | Type | Default Status | functional description |
|-----|----------------|-------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 2 | SPK_RP | AO | | Power amplifier output, maximum 2.65W@4Ω or 1.8W@8 |
| 3 | SPK_RN | AO | | |
| 4 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 5 | PDM_D0/GPIO27 | I/O | Z | GPIO27 Digital MIC Data / Universal GPIO27 |
| 6 | PDM_CLK/GPIO26 | I/O | Z | Digital MIC Clock / Universal GPIO26 |
| 7 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 8 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 9 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 10 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 11 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 12 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 13 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 14 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 15 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 16 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 17 | MIC_P2 | AI | | MIC2 Input positive |
| 18 | MIC_N2 | AI | | MIC2 Input negative, single ended input needs to be grounded |
| 19 | MIC_N1 | AI | | The input of mic1 is negative, and the single ended input needs to be grounded |
| 21 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 22 | GPIO1/PCM_SYNC | I/O | Z | Universal GPIO1/PCM_SYNC |
| 23 | GPIO2/PCM_CLK | I/O | Z | Universal GPIO2/PCM_CLK |
| 24 | GPIO4/PCM_OUT | I/O | up | Universal GPIO4/PCM_OUT |
| 25 | GPIO16/PCM_IN | I/O | Z | Universal GPIO16/PCM_IN |

| | | | | |
|----|-----------------------|-------|------|--------------------------------------------------|
| 26 | DB_RXD | I | up | Debug the serial port for receiving the data |
| 27 | DB_TXD | O | up | Debug the serial port for receiving the data |
| 28 | UART1_CTS/GPIO8/PWM3 | I/O | Z | UART1_CTS/ universal GPIO8/PWM3 output |
| 29 | UART1_RTS/GPIO7/PWM2 | I/O | Z | UART1_RTS/ universal GPIO7/PWM2 output |
| 30 | UART1_RXD/GPIO6/PWM1 | I/O | up | UART1_RXD/ universal GPIO6/PWM1 output |
| 31 | UART1_TXD/GPIO5/PWM0 | I/O | up | UART1_TXD/ universal GPIO5/PWM0 output |
| 32 | I2C1_SDA/GPIO12/TF_CD | I/O | Z | I2C1_SDA/ universalGPIO12/TFcard detection input |
| 33 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 34 | SD0_DAT3/GPIO17 | I/O | Z | SDIO_DATA3/Universal GPIO17 |
| 35 | SD0_DAT2/GPIO18 | I/O | Z | SDIO_DATA2/UniversalGPIO18 |
| 36 | SD0_DAT1/GPIO13 | I/O | Z | SDIO_DATA1/UniversalGPIO13 |
| 37 | SD0_DAT0/GPIO14 | I/O | Z | SDIO_DATA0/Universal GPIO14 |
| 38 | SD0_CLK/GPIO15 | I/O | Z | SDIO_CLK/UniversalGPIO15 |
| 39 | SD0_CMD/GPIO16 | I/O | Z | SDIO_CMD/Universal GPIO16 |
| 40 | GPIO27 | I/O | Z | UniversalGPIO27 |
| 41 | GPIO26 | I/O | Z | UniversalGPIO26 |
| 42 | GPIO28 | I/O | Z | Universal GPIO28 |
| 43 | DGND | Power | | DGND |
| 44 | UART3_RX/GPIO12/PWM5 | I/O | Z | UART3_RX/ universal GPIO12/PWM5 output |
| 45 | UART3_TX/GPIO13/PWM6 | I/O | Z | UART3_TX/ universal GPIO13/PWM6 output |
| 46 | UART2_TX/IR_D/PWM7 | I/O | up | UART2_TX/ infrared data reception / PWM7 |
| 47 | I2C1_SCL/GPIO11 | I/O | down | I2C1_SCL/universal GPIO11 |
| 48 | UART2_RX | I | up | UART2_RX |
| 49 | SPI1_HOLD/GPIO29 | I/O | Z | SPI1_HOLD/universalGPIO29 |
| 50 | SPI1_CS/GPIO19 | I/O | up | SPI1_CS/universalGPIO19 |
| 51 | SPI1_CLK/GPIO23 | I/O | Z | SPI1_CLK/universal GPIO23 |
| 52 | SPI1_TX/GPIO22 | I/O | Z | SPI1_TX/universalGPIO22 |
| 53 | SPI1_WPN/GPIO21 | I/O | down | SPI1_WPN/universalGPIO21 |
| 54 | SPI1_RX/GPIO20 | I/O | up | SPI1_RX/universal GPIO20 |

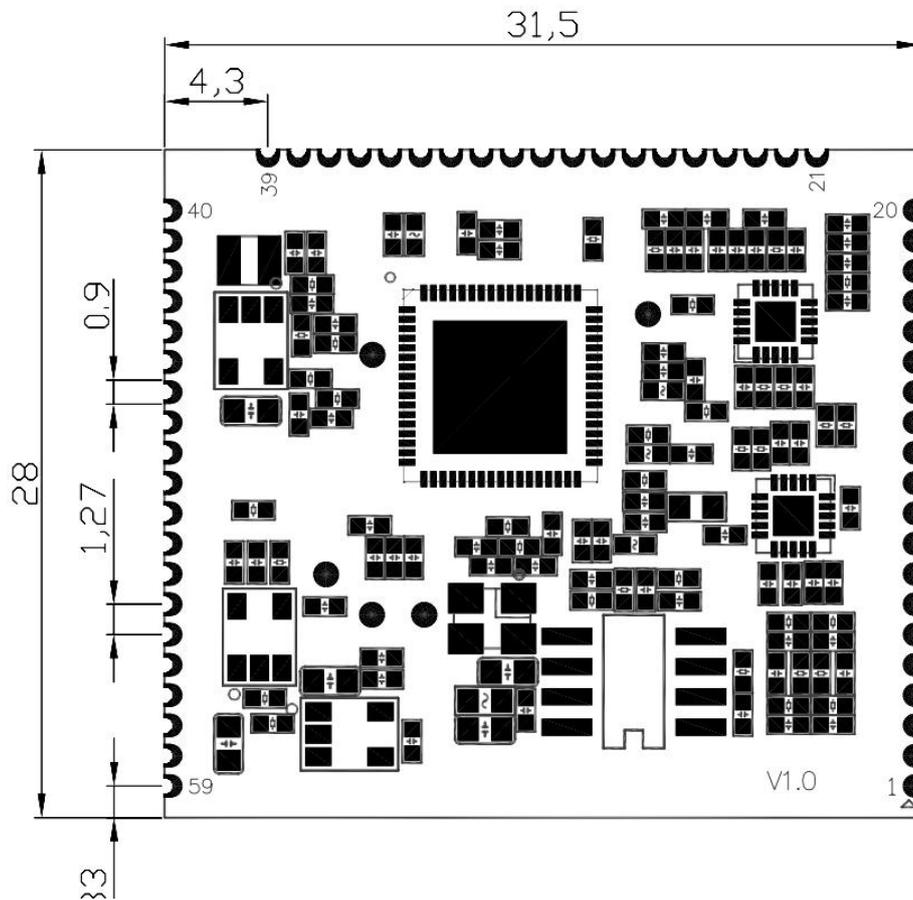
| | | | | |
|----|-----------|-------|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 55 | VCC33_OUT | Power | | 3.3V POWER output, Max 0.2A |
| 56 | VCC5V_IN | Power | | 5V input |
| 57 | VCC5V_IN | Power | | |
| 58 | POWERON | I | up | Power enable 1: High level power; 0: Low level down. It can be suspended when not in use |
| 59 | ADC_AIN0 | AI | | ADC voltage detection input |

Notes:

- 1, Type: I=input;O=output;I/O=input/output(bidirectional); AO=Analog output;AI=Analog input. .
- 2, Default status: up=pull up;down=pull down;Z= high-Z.

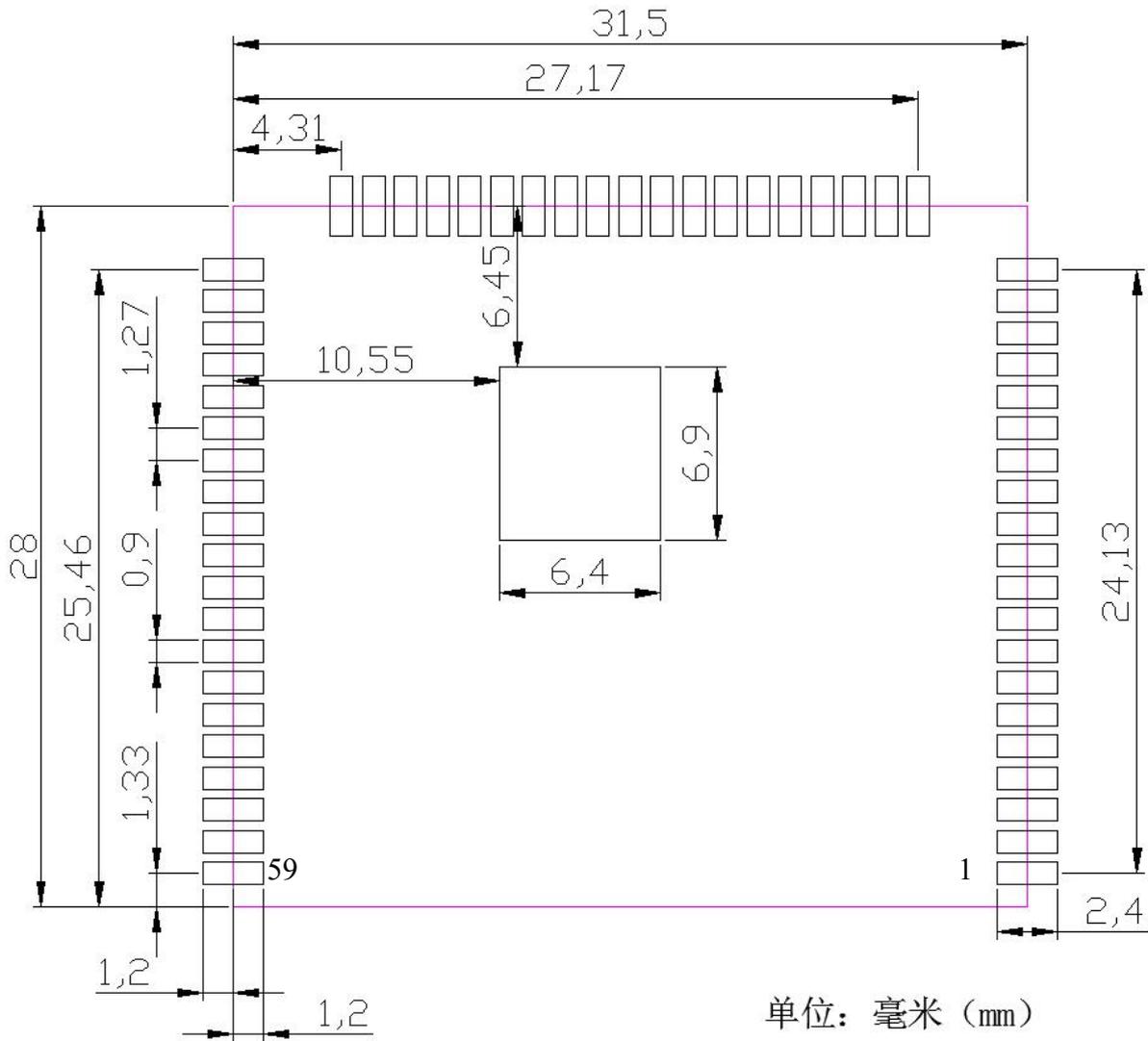
4. Module size

4.1. Dimension



Unit: mm

4.2. Package dimension diagram

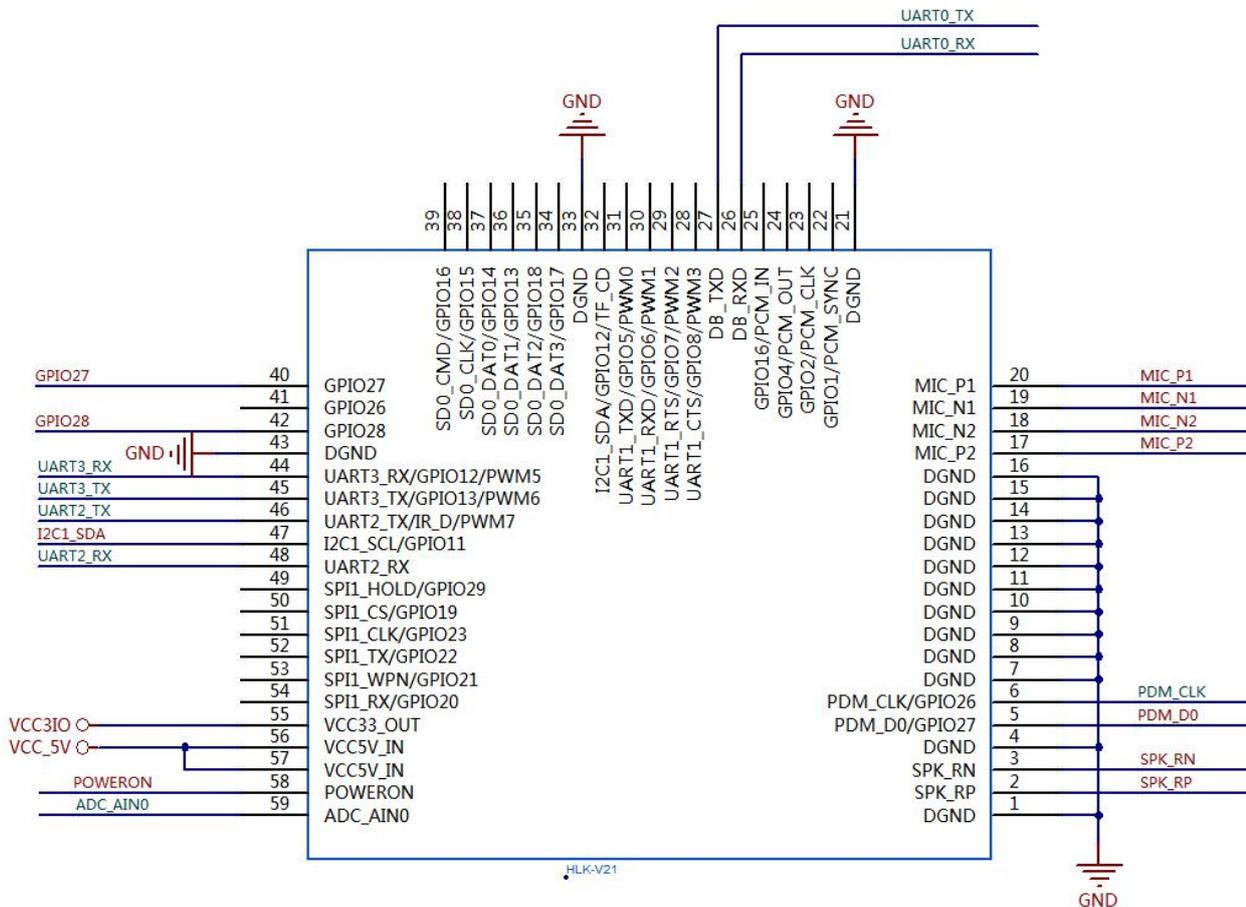


Layout Recommended packaging dimensions (Top view)

Notes:

1. The intermediate hot pad is grounded.
2. Total height of module: 2.8mm.

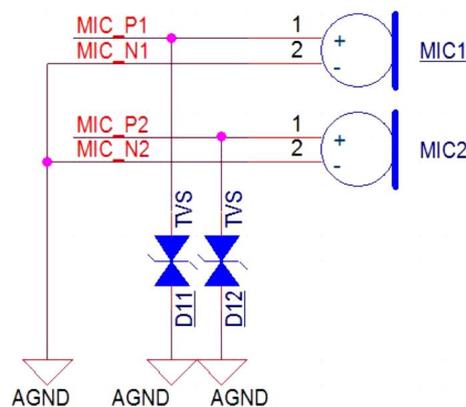
5. Reference Circuit design



Module Schematics

5.1. Microphone reference circuit

5.1.1. Analog microphone reference circuit



Analog microphone reference circuit

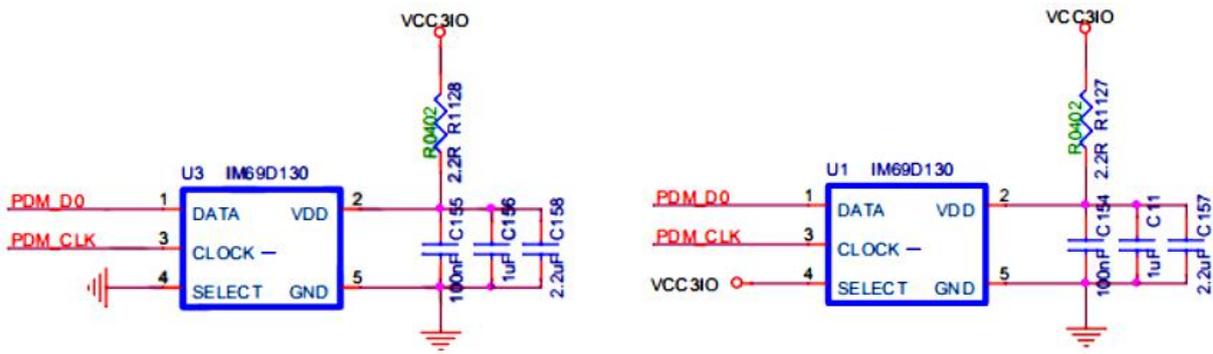
Notes:

1. "MIC_N1 "and" mic "_ The "N2" network must be grounded when using a single ended analog

microphone.

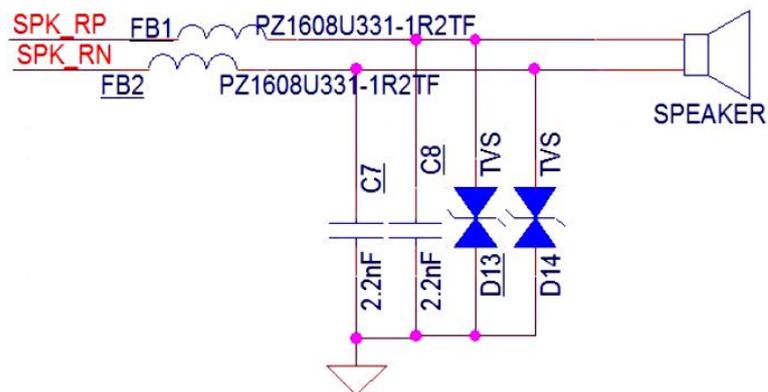
- ESD protection needs to be increased or decreased according to customer product requirements.

5.1.2. Digital microphone reference circuit



Digital microphone reference circuit

5.2. Speaker reference circuit

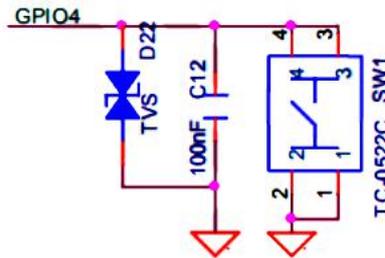


Notes:

- FB1, FB2 and C7, C8 are mainly used for EMI testing, which can be deleted according to the test needs.
- ESD protection needs to be retained according to customer product requirements.

5.3. Debugging circuit

5.3.1. Download Mode



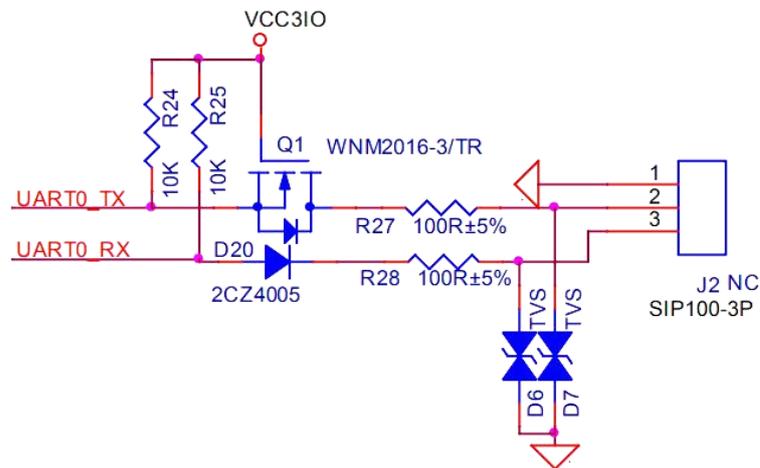
Download mode

By pressing the key to pull down gpio4, the voice core module can enter the download mode, and the program can be burned through serial port 0.

Notes:

1. Gpio4 has done pull-up processing on the voice core module.
2. ESD protection should be added.

5.3.2. Debug serial reference circuit



Debug the serial reference circuit

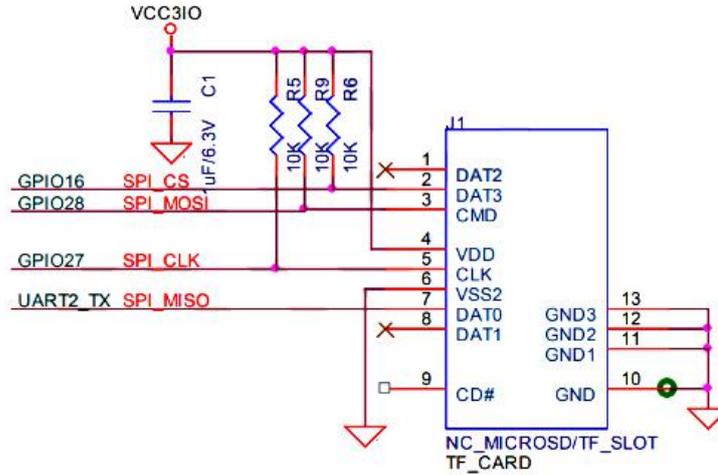
Serial port 0 is the debugging serial port, through which you can download programs, view logs and other debugging operations.

Notes:

1. Q1 and D20 constitute anti leakage circuit. This circuit can prevent the voice module from being abnormal due to the leakage of the third-party debugging serial module before power on, so it is recommended to keep it without great cost pressure.

2.R27, R28 and ESD protection need to be retained according to customer product requirements.

5.4. TF Card reference circuit

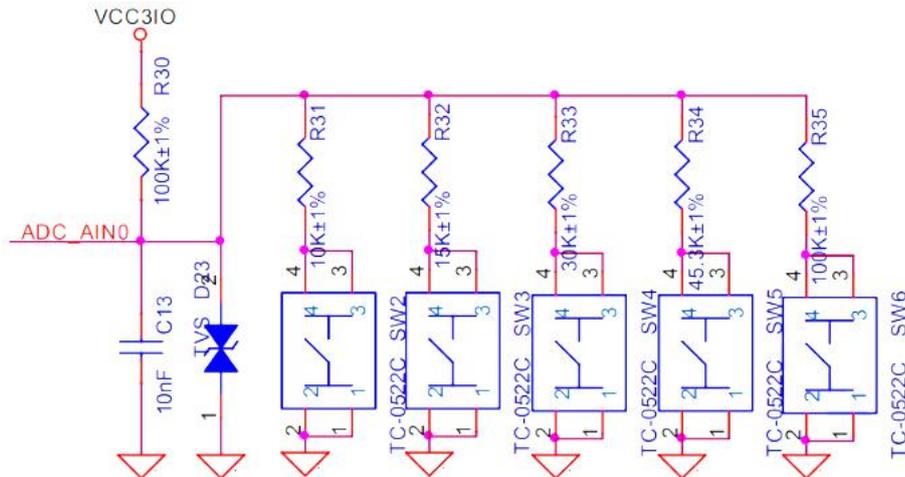


TF Card reference circuit

Notes:

If the function of TF card is not needed by the customer, it is recommended to keep the relevant circuit on the PCB to facilitate the debug use of subsequent products and the components can be pasted empty.

5.5. Key reference circuit



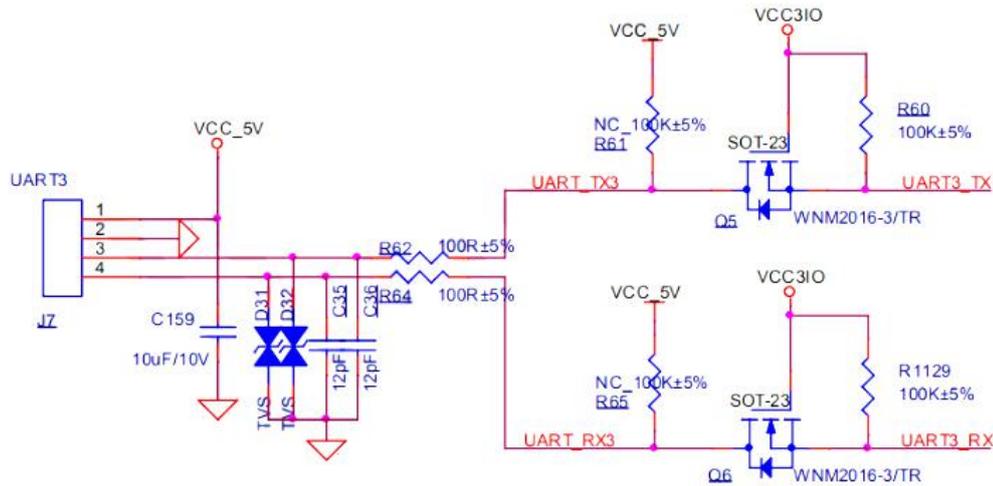
Key reference circuit

Notes:

1. Please design in strict accordance with the resistance value of the reference design.
2. The resistance needs to use precision resistance, that is, the precision is 1%.

3. The reference design is 5 buttons, customers can make corresponding increase or decrease according to the actual needs of the product.

5.6. Communication serial port reference circuit



Communication serial port reference circuit

The voice core module provides four serial ports, of which serial port 0 is used as the debugging serial port, and the priority of the other three serial ports is recommended as serial port 3, serial port 1, and serial port 2.

Notes:

1. Q5, Q6 constitute the serial port transceiver level conversion, the customer can decide whether to retain according to the product requirements.
2. R62, R64 and C35, C36 are mainly used for EMI test, which can be deleted according to the test needs.
3. ESD protection needs to be increased or decreased according to customer product requirements.

6. Reference reflow temperature curve

Referred to IPC/JEDEC standard.

Peak Temperature : <math><250^{\circ}\text{C}</math>

Number of Times : ≤ 2 times

